



# Tackling Telco Ecosystem Fragmentation Challenges with SUSE, OCUDU Technical Project, and Project Sylva

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

At MWC 2026, SUSE and the OCUDU project demonstrated a production-ready, disaggregated Open RAN stack, deploying OCUDU's AI-native CU/DU workloads on a SUSE-powered Project Sylva infrastructure. This collaboration brings the “Develop Once, Deploy Anywhere” model to life through automated GitOps and zero-touch provisioning, delivering carrier-grade performance on general-purpose hardware while eliminating vendor lock-in across the telco edge.

## THE CHALLENGE: FRAGMENTATION IS HOLDING 5G BACK

As Communication Service Providers (CSPs) scale next-generation 5G and 6G networks, they are constrained by legacy architectural trade-offs. The telco ecosystem remains deeply fragmented, characterised by proprietary hardware-software bundles, siloed vendor stacks, and an absence of standardised, carrier-grade open source infrastructure. This fragmentation creates three compounding problems for operators:

- Vendor lock-in that stifles competition and inflates lifecycle costs
- No consistent operating model to manage complex RAN workloads across diverse, distributed edge hardware
- Slow time-to-market for AI-native 5G/6G services requiring sub-millisecond latency and high user density

The core question SUSE and the OCUDU community set out to answer: How do we enable CSPs to deploy high-performance, AI-native RAN workloads across a diverse and distributed edge environment while maintaining a single, consistent operating model; one that eliminates vendor lock-in and dramatically reduces time-to-market for 5G/6G services?

## PARTNERS

SUSE · OCUDU Ecosystem Foundation

## FRAMEWORK

Project Sylva (Cloud-Native Telco Reference Architecture)

## USE CASE

AI-RAN & Open RAN — Edge Deployment

## DEMONSTRATED AT

MWC 2026

## CAPEX REDUCTION

30%–50% vs. proprietary silos

## SERVER REDUCTION

Up to 55% via GitOps automation

## DEPLOYMENT SPEED

Weeks → Minutes

## CELL CAPACITY

1,000+ users per cell at sub-ms latency



## WHAT WAS HOLDING THE INDUSTRY BACK

Before this collaboration began, operators faced two foundational gaps:

- No standardisation: Without a common reference architecture, every deployment required bespoke, site-specific integration work, binding operators to individual vendors and their proprietary roadmaps.
- No carrier-grade open source baseline: Existing open source telco infrastructure could not reliably handle the extreme latency, performance, and resiliency demands of AI-native RAN workloads at scale.

These barriers reinforced each other, creating a market where innovation was effectively gated by proprietary incumbents, and where the cost and complexity of switching remained prohibitively high.

## THE SOLUTION: A HORIZONTAL, AI-NATIVE OPEN RAN STACK

SUSE and the OCUDU community, in collaboration with Intel, Supermicro, and the i14y Lab, **jointly engineered** a carrier-grade, fully disaggregated Open RAN stack anchored by the **Project Sylva reference architecture**, demonstrating it in a live production environment at MWC 2026. The solution rests on four integrated layers:

Hardware Foundation	OS & Kubernetes Layer	Orchestration	Workload Layer
<b>Intel® Xeon® 6 SoC</b> processors + <b>Supermicro edge servers</b> : high-performance, general-purpose compute foundation.	<b>SL Micro</b> (immutable Linux OS) + <b>RKE2</b> (Kubernetes): a Sylva-compliant Container-as-a-Service layer.	<b>SUSE Rancher Prime</b> : unified centralised orchestration across all distributed edge sites.	<b>OCUDU</b> AI-native, software-defined CU/DU functions: deployed via automated GitOps and Zero-Touch Provisioning.

This architecture creates a fully open, horizontally integrated stack that decouples radio software from proprietary hardware, making carrier-grade performance available on commodity infrastructure for the first time.

## OCUDU'S CRITICAL CONTRIBUTION

OCUDU was not simply a network function in this collaboration, the community played a decisive role in validating the entire proposition:

- Delivered AI-native, software-defined CU/DU network functions that serve as the intelligence layer of the stack.
- Led workload portability validation, proving that high-performance RAN functions operate seamlessly on SUSE's Sylva-compliant CaaS layer without vendor-specific modifications.



- Co-engineered deep technical optimisations with SUSE to achieve support for 1,000+ users per cell at sub-millisecond latency.
- Demonstrated the practical reality of a disaggregated, open source mobile network by decoupling radio software from proprietary hardware at MWC 2026.

## THE ROLE OF OPEN SOURCE: FROM PRINCIPLE TO PRODUCTION

Open source is not a secondary consideration in this solution, it is the foundational framework that makes everything else possible.

- Project Sylva provides the standardised reference architecture that decouples hardware from software and creates a common blueprint for telco cloud deployments across vendors and operators.
- RKE2 and OCUDU's open RAN software replace proprietary “black-box” systems with transparent, community-driven technology that any operator can inspect, validate, and extend.
- The “Develop Once, Deploy Anywhere” model, enabled by open standards and open APIs — means that workloads validated in one environment can be deployed across diverse hardware without modification.

By building on community-driven technology, this collaboration accelerates innovation across the entire telco ecosystem, not just for a single operator or vendor, and creates a reproducible blueprint that others can adopt and build upon.

## RESULTS AND ROI: WHAT THE NUMBERS SAY

The MWC 2026 demonstration validated the solution under real-world conditions, with measurable outcomes across performance, economics, and operations:

Metric	Result	What It Means
User Capacity	<b>1,000+ users per cell</b>	Carrier-grade scale on general-purpose hardware
Network Latency	<b>Sub-millisecond</b>	Meets stringent 5G/6G requirements
CAPEX Reduction	<b>30%–50%</b>	Moving from proprietary silos to mutualized hardware
Server Efficiency	<b>Up to 55% fewer servers needed</b>	GitOps-driven automation eliminates redundancy
Deployment Time	<b>Weeks reduced to minutes</b>	Zero-touch provisioning replaces manual site tuning
Vendor Lock-in	<b>Eliminated</b>	Open standards enable multi-vendor hardware freedom



Beyond the metrics, the broader business impact is transformational: operators can transition from being simple connectivity providers to high-value, AI-native service enablers, owning their infrastructure choices rather than being defined by them.

## WHAT MAKES THIS APPROACH DIFFERENT

Traditional telco deployments require manual, site-specific tuning, custom integration for each hardware vendor, each location, each software release. This collaboration breaks that model:

- Horizontal architecture: Software and hardware are fully decoupled, enabling operators to choose best-of-breed components without integration penalties.
- Power-on-to-production automation: GitOps and Zero-Touch Provisioning mean that a new edge site can go from powered on to carrying live traffic in minutes, not weeks.
- Real workload portability: OCUDU's CU/DU functions run identically on SUSE's Sylva-compliant infrastructure regardless of the underlying hardware, a claim that has now been validated in a live production demonstration.
- AI-native from the ground up: The architecture is designed for AI-RAN workloads, not retrofitted, making it ready for the performance and intelligence demands of 5G and 6G networks.

## NEXT STEPS: FROM PILOT TO PRODUCTION AT SCALE

The MWC 2026 demonstration marks a beginning, not an endpoint. The next phase of this collaboration focuses on three priorities:

- Scaling AI-native Open RAN deployments from pilot sites to full-scale commercial networks, maturing the Project Sylva ecosystem with each new deployment.
- Expanding the technical blueprint library, publishing validation reports and reference architectures that allow other operators to replicate and build upon this work.
- Deepening community contribution, with SUSE and the OCUDU community continuing to contribute upstream to the open source projects and standards bodies that underpin the entire ecosystem.

## GET INVOLVED

Explore the technical blueprints and validation reports from the SUSE and OCUDU community. **Contact the SUSE telco experts** to schedule a customised deep-dive session — and join the movement toward a more open, automated, and interoperable future for 5G and 6G networking.

OCUDU EF's **Getting Started Guide** | [ocudu.org](https://ocudu.org)